



# Busulfan/Cyclophosphamide-MAC-MUD

### **INDICATIONS FOR USE:**

INDICATION	ICD10	Regimen Code	Reimbursement Status
Myeloablative conditioning for matched unrelated donor allogeneic stem cell transplant in patients with myeloid disorders	C92	00639a	Hospital

#### TREATMENT:

Conditioning chemotherapy is administered over **7 days.** Stem cells are infused on **day 0**. Facilities to treat anaphylaxis MUST be present when conditioning therapy and stem cells are administered

Day (time)	Drug	Dose	Route	Diluent & Rate
<b>-7,-6,-5,-4</b> (16.30)*	Busulfana	0.8mg/kg	IV infusion	(see note) <sup>b</sup> ml of sodium chloride 0.9% over 2 hours
<b>-7,-6,-5,-4</b> (22.30)*	Busulfana	0.8mg/kg	IV infusion	(see note) <sup>b</sup> ml of sodium chloride 0.9% over 2 hours
<b>-6,-5,-4,-3</b> (04.00)*	Busulfan <sup>a</sup>	0.8mg/kg	IV infusion	(see note) <sup>b</sup> ml of sodium chloride 0.9% over 2 hours
<b>-6,-5,-4,-3</b> (10.30)*	Busulfana	0.8mg/kg	IV infusion	(see note) <sup>b</sup> ml of sodium chloride 0.9% over 2 hours
NB: IV busulfan expir	es after 15 hours, infus	ion must begi	in at time specifie	ed
<b>-2 -1</b> (09.30)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-2, -1</b> (10.00)*	Cyclophosphamide	60mg/kg	IV infusion	1000ml sodium chloride 0.9% over 3 hours
<b>-2 -1</b> (13.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-2 -1</b> (16.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-2 -1</b> (19.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-2 -1</b> (22.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-1, 0</b> (02.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>-1, 0</b> (06.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
<b>0</b> (10.00)*	Mesna	24mg/kg	Slow IV push	Into side arm of fast flowing sodium chloride 0.9% infusion
0	Stem cell infusion			
+1 (at Least 24	Methotrexatec	15mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV infusion	50ml sodium chloride 0.9% over 10 minutes
hours post				
completion of stem				
cell infusion)				
+3, +6, +11	Methotrexate	10mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV infusion	50ml sodium chloride 0.9% over 10 minutes
Dose rounding:	·		·	

#### Dose rounding:

Busulfan to the nearest 1.2mg if <60mg, to nearest 6mg if >60mg. Oral busulfan available as 2mg and 25mg tablets.

Mesna to the nearest 100mg,

Cyclophosphamide to the nearest 20mg,

Methotrexate to the nearest 2.5mg

<sup>a</sup>lf a problem with an infusion bag (i.e. leaking bag, short expiry) is discovered outside of 8.30am-5pm, an oral dose of busulfan 1mg/kg equivalent to the intravenous dose will be available from the MDA press on Denis Burkitt Ward. This can only be used after discussion with a haematology consultant and must be prescribed by haematology registrar or consultant on a chemotherapy prescription/NCIS.

<sup>b</sup>Calculation of busulfan infusion solution: [(busulfan dose (mg) divided by 6) x 10] [to the nearest 10ml] NaCl 0.9%. Concentration to be as close to 0.5mg/ml as possible

<sup>c</sup> Day +1 methotrexate to be administered at least 24 hours post completion of stem cell infusion.

In the event where this timing results in methotrexate being infused during the night, it is reasonable to reschedule the administration time of the day +3 methotrexate dose to the next morning, to avoid administration during the night. The amended administration timing can then be maintained for subsequent methotrexate doses.

\*Denotes recommended administration times

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#### **ELIGIBILITY:**

- Indications as above
- Medical assessment as per SJH BMT assessment form

#### **EXCLUSIONS:**

- Hypersensitivity to busulfan, cyclophosphamide, mesna, methotrexate or any of the excipients
- Pregnancy and lactation

#### PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY:

• The treatment plan must be initiated by a Haematology Consultant working in the area of stem cell transplantation in a unit suitable for carrying out this treatment.

#### **TESTS:**

 Baseline and regular tests in accordance with SJH Haematopoietic Stem Cell Transplant workup protocols

#### Disease monitoring:

Disease monitoring should be in line with the patient's treatment plan and any other test/s as directed by the supervising Consultant.

#### **DOSE MODIFICATIONS:**

- Any dose modification should be discussed with a Haematology Consultant.
- Chemotherapy dosing in obese adult patients: For patients with a BMI > 30kg/m² please refer to 'Chemotherapy Dosing in Obese Adult Stem Cell Transplant Recipients Guidelines' for guidance on individual drug dosing as per SJH policy available on the SJH intranet.
- Renal and Hepatic Impairment:
  - Dose modifications are generally not undertaken in conditioning regimens.
  - Discuss with the consultant if the creatinine clearance is < 50 ml/min or if abnormal hepatic function.
  - Consult the following resources to inform any renal or hepatic dose modification discussions:
    - Summary of product characteristics (SPC) available at <a href="http://www.hpra.ie">http://www.hpra.ie</a>
    - Krens et al Lancet Oncol 2019;20(4) e200-e207 "Dose Recommendations for anticancer drugs in patients with renal or hepatic impairment" available at <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30942181/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30942181/</a>
    - UCHL renal impairment guidelines and hepatic impairment guidelines available on SJH intranet

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### **SUPPORTIVE CARE:**

#### **Antiemetics**

**Table 1: Recommended SJH Regimen Specific Antiemetics** 

Prevention of acu	ite nausea and v	omiting	ing Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting		Comment	
Drug	Dose	Admin	Drug	Dose	Admin Day	
		Day				
Ondansetron	8mg PO/IV TDS	-7 to -1	Dexamethasone	8mg PO	0, +1, +2	Exclude aprepitant due to interaction with
Dexamethasone	12mg PO	-2, -1				cyclophosphamide

#### Cyclophosphamide hydration and diuresis:

- Pre stem cell infusion: Start pre-hydration at 6.00 am on Day -2
  - o Recommended hydration regimen is sodium chloride 0.9% 2-3L/m² over 24 hours
- Continue hydration for at least 24 hours after completion of cyclophosphamide
- Diuretics may be indicated for positive fluid balance, weight gain or declining urine production (<100ml/m²/hr)</li>
  - o Furosemide 20-40mg IV PRN should be prescribed

#### Busulfan conditioning seizure prophylaxis:

 Phenytoin 600mg STAT orally at midnight the night before busulfan treatment, then 300mg once daily PO on Day-7 to Day-3

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### **Other Supportive Care:**

Table 2: Other	Supportive	Medication
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ble 2: Other Supportive Medication  GvHD prophylaxis	Tacrolimus		
Refer to signed off BMT assessment	Tacrolimus 0.03mg/kg once daily IV over 22 hou	urs from day -1	
form for confirmed choice and target	The equivalent oral dose is: (Total IV do	ose) twice daily PO	
level of immunosuppression	Target levels: 5-10 nanograms/ml		
GvHD and VOD prophylaxis	<ul> <li>Ursodeoxycholic acid 250mg TDS PO</li> <li>Continue until day +90</li> </ul>		
HSV prophylaxis	All patients should receive the following until Co  Valaciclovir 500mg once daily PO  or  Aciclovir 250mg TDS IV (if oral route no 0.5X109/L)		
	<ul> <li>Patients with an active herpes infection should</li> <li>Valaciclovir 1g TDS PO</li> <li>or</li> <li>Aciclovir 10mg/kg TDS IV (if oral route</li> </ul>		
CMM annuludania		· 	
CMV prophylaxis	Patients receiving CMV prophylaxis with leterr prophylaxis above	movir also require HSV	
Prescribe for all CMV seropositive recipients	<ul> <li>Letermovir 480mg once daily PO/IV, as</li> <li>+1 if patient is receiving tacrolimus im</li> <li>Letermovir via the oral route is first lin</li> </ul>	munosuppression	
	<ul> <li>Letermovir IV at the same oral dose sh where the patient cannot tolerate oral concerns around absorption.</li> <li>CMV prophylaxis is usually continued usually</li> </ul>	or where there are	
	Patients should bring their oral letermovir supp admission. High tech prescription will have been their counselling appointment pre-admission. L pharmacist if any supply issues arise.	n provided to patient at	
	When ANC>1.0 x 10 <sup>9</sup> /L, pre-emptive monitoring tube] (Tuesday and Fridays) should be carried o reactivation/infection in <u>all</u> patients.		
Antifungal prophylaxis Refer to signed off BMT assessment form for confirmed choice of antifungal prophylaxis	When ANC <0.5x10 <sup>9</sup> /L or if patient on high do:  Liposomal amphotericin 1mg/kg once  or  Caspofungin 70mg once daily IV Mon	e daily IV Mon/Wed/Fri	
	If at higher risk due to prior possible/probable  Liposomal amphotericin 1mg/kg once  or  Caspofungin 70mg once daily IV if >80  or  Caspofungin 70mg once daily IV on daily IV on daily IV on daily IV on daily IV there	e daily IV Okg ay 1 of treatment	
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PJP prophylaxis	1st line therapy:
	Co-trimoxazole 960mg BD Mon/Wed/Fri PO
	<ul> <li>Commence only on engraftment when ANC &gt; 1.0x10<sup>9</sup>/L if appropriate</li> </ul>
	арргорпасс
	2nd line therapy (if allergic to co-trimoxazole or contraindicated):
	PJP Prophylaxis and T. gondii IgG NEGATIVE:
	<ul> <li>Pentamidine 300mg nebule and salbutamol 2.5mg nebule pre- pentamidine, every 4 weeks</li> </ul>
	plus  Phonoxymothylponicillin 222mg PD daily PO
	Phenoxymethylpenicillin 333mg BD daily PO
	Continue the phenoxymethylpenicillin until patients have been
	revaccinated and have adequate pneumococcal/haemophilus titres
	PJP Prophylaxis and T gondii IgG POSITIVE:
	<ul> <li>Atovaquone 750mg BD PO plus</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pyrimethamine 25mg once daily PO plus</li> </ul>
	Folinic acid 15mg once daily PO plus
	Phenoxymethylpenicillin 333mg BD daily PO
	Continue the phenoxymethylpenicillin until patients have been
	revaccinated and have adequate pneumococcal/haemophilus titres
	Please note: If a patient is to be discharged on atovaquone,
	pyrimethamine or folinic acid, please contact pharmacy in advance to
	arrange supply and funding through a community drugs scheme
Mouthcare	Mucositis WHO grade < 2:
	<ul> <li>Sodium chloride 0.9% 10ml QDS mouthwash</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Nystatin 1ml QDS PO (use 15 minutes after sodium chloride 0.9% mouthwash)</li> </ul>
	Mucositis WHO grade ≥ 2:
	Chlorhexidine digluconate 0.12% (Kin® mouthwash) 10mls QDS
	mouthwash
	<ul> <li>Nystatin 1ml QDS PO (use 15 minutes after Kin® mouthwash)</li> </ul>
Gastroprotection	<ul> <li>Lansoprazole 30mg / omeprazole 40mg once daily PO</li> </ul>
	<u>or</u>
	Esomeprazole 40mg once daily IV (if oral route not available)
Folate supplementation	Methotrexate is included as GvHD prophylaxis. Folinic acid should not be administered on the same days as methotrexate.
	The first dose of folinic acid must be administered at a minimum of 24
	hours post completion of methotrexate. Prescribe as outlined below:
	<ul> <li>Folinic acid 15mg once daily IV on days +2,+4,+5,+7,+8,+9,+10 and</li> </ul>
	+12 onwards
	Switch to folic acid 5mg once daily PO when oral route is available
Vitamin K supplementation	Beginning on day +2 post stem cell transplant
	Vitamin K (phytomenadione) 10mg once weekly IV
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Prevention of vaginal bleeding	If required for menstruating female patients until platelets > 50 x10 <sup>9</sup> /L		
Trevention of vaginal biceums	Norethisterone 5mg TDS PO if >55Kg		
	Norethisterone 5mg BD PO if <55kg		
Tumour Lysis syndrome	Consider allopurinol in active disease pre transplant		
Tulliour Lysis sylluroffie			
Hanatikia Danambulania/turaturant	Allopurinol 300mg once daily PO for 5-7 days and review  A virial art correction of transplant working Burnstitis B		
Hepatitis B prophylaxis/treatment	A virology screen is completed as part of transplant workup. Hepatitis B		
	prophylaxis or treatment may be initiated in consultation with a Virology		
	Consultant or Hepatology Consultant if required.		
	Options may include:		
	Lamivudine 100mg once daily PO		
	<u>or</u>		
	Entecavir 500mcg once daily PO		
Prevention of constipation	Consider laxatives if appropriate e.g.		
	<ul> <li>Senna two tablets (15mg) nocte PO while on ondansetron</li> </ul>		
Antibiotic standing order	Antibiotic standing order should be prescribed for neutropenic		
	sepsis/neutropenic fever based on previous microbiology and renal		
	function		
	Piptazobactam 4.5g QDS IV		
	plus		
	Amikacin* 15mg/kg once daily IV		
	*Ciprofloxacin 400mg BD IV may be considered instead of amikacin in		
	cases of renal impairment		
	Refer to Antimicrobial Guidelines in the Prescriber's Capsule for antibiotic		
	choice where a patient is allergic to any of the above		
Magnesium and potassium standing	Magnesium and potassium standing orders should be prescribed for all		
order	transplant patients in accordance with stem cell unit practice as indicated		
	on EPMAR		
VTE prophylaxis	Consider VTE prophylaxis in accordance with SJH policy		
Bone Health	Consider calcium and vitamin D supplementation prior to discharge for		
	patients who are on high dose steroids. Other medications for		
	maintenance of bone health may need to be considered as appropriate.		
	Calcium carbonate and colecalciferol (Caltrate® 600mg/400unit)     one tablet BD		

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#### Hepatic veno occlusive disease (VOD):

- Defibrotide may be prescribed for the treatment of hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD) in consultation with the haematology consultant
- Dosing of intravenous Defibrotide :
  - The recommended dose is 6.25mg/kg IV every 6 hours (25mg/kg/day)
    - Calculate the total daily dose. Divide by 200 to calculate the total number of vials needed and split the dose such that the minimum amount of wastage can be achieved.
  - Defibrotide should be administered for a minimum of 21 days and continued until the signs and symptoms of VOD resolve.
    - IV infusion is given over 2 hours (maximum concentration 400mg/100ml NaCl 0.9%)

#### ADVERSE EFFECTS / REGIMEN SPECIFIC COMPLICATIONS:

 Please refer to the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics and SJH Stem Cell Transplant Programme PPGs for full details.

#### **DRUG INTERACTIONS:**

• The relevant Summary of Product Characteristics and current drug interaction databases should be consulted.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Bone Marrow Transplantation for Leukemia Following a New Busulphan and Cyclophosphamide Regimen; Blood 1987; 70(5): 1382-1388
- 2. Randomised trial of myeloablative conditioning regimens: busulphan plus cyclophosphamide versus busulphan plus fludarabine; Journal of Clinical Oncology 2012; 31: 701-709
- 3. Conditioning therapy with intravenous busulfan and cyclophosphamide (IV BuCy2) for hematologic malignancies prior to allogeneic stem cell transplantation: a phase II study. Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation 2002;8(3):145-54
- 4. Busulfan plus cyclophosphamide compared with total-body irradiation plus cyclophosphamide before marrow transplantation for myeloid leukemia: long-term follow-up of 4 randomised studies; The American Society of Haematology 2001: 98(13):3569-73.
- 5. Improved survival with ursodeoxycholic acid prophylaxis in allogenic stem cell transplantation: Long-term follow-up of a randomised study. Biology of Blood and Marrow Transplantation 2014; 20(1):135-138. Available at https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24141008/
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- 8. Dosage Adjustment for Cytotoxics in Renal Impairment January 2009; North London Cancer Network
- 9. Dosage Adjustment for Cytotoxics in Hepatic Impairment January 2009; North London Cancer Network.
- NCCP Classification Document for Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy (SACT) Induced Nausea and Vomiting. V3 2021. Available at: <a href="https://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/chemoprotocols/nccp-classification-document-for-systemic-anti-cancer-therapy-sact-induced-nausea-and-vomiting.pdf">https://www.hse.ie/eng/services/list/5/cancer/profinfo/chemoprotocols/nccp-classification-document-for-systemic-anti-cancer-therapy-sact-induced-nausea-and-vomiting.pdf</a>
- Endoxana Injection 500 mg Powder for Solution for Injection. Summary of Product Characteristics.
   Accessed Nov 2020. Available at:
   <a href="https://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/Licence\_PA2299-027-001\_21122018112107.pdf">https://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/Licence\_PA2299-027-001\_21122018112107.pdf</a>
- Uromitexan 100mg/ml Solution for Injection or Infusion. Summary of Product Characteristics. Accessed Nov 2020. Available at: <a href="https://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/Licence\_PA2299-024-001">https://www.hpra.ie/img/uploaded/swedocuments/Licence\_PA2299-024-001</a> 22102019104556.pdf
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Version	Date	Amendment	Approved By
1	06/08/2021		SJH Stem Cell Transplant Group

Comments and feedback welcome at oncologydrugs@cancercontrol.ie.

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